

Exercise 1

Calc. : ✗

Simplify the following expressions:

8 marks

a) $5x^3y^2 \times 3x^4y^3$

b) $\frac{20p^4q^5}{4pq^2}$

c) $\frac{a^2}{a\sqrt{a}}$

d) $(x^2y^4)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

Exercise 2

Calc. : ✗

Given that $p = 6.5 \times 10^6$, $q = 5 \times 10^{-4}$ and $r = 1.8 \times 10^3$, **evaluate** the following:

8 marks

a) pq

b) $\frac{p}{q}$

c) q^2r

Exercise 3

Calc. : ✗

Solve the following equations:

8 marks

a) $x^2 - 6x + 5 = 0$

b) $x^2 + 2x - 2 = 0$

c) $2x^2 - x - 6 = 0$

Exercise 4

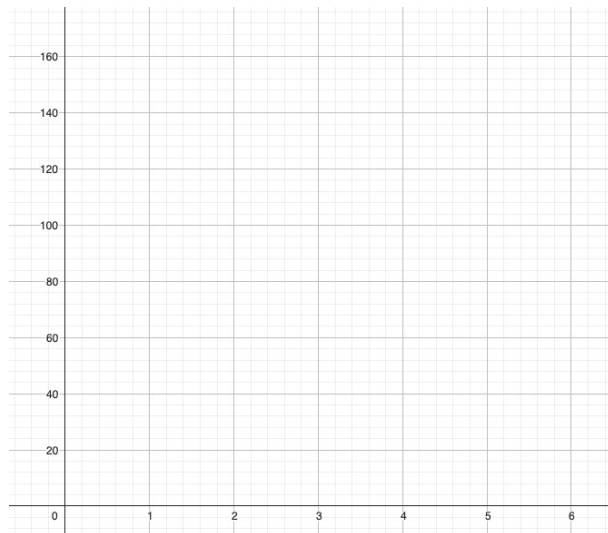
Calc. : ✗

The number of plastic bottles found in a lake each month can be modelled by the formula

$$n = 10 \times 2^t$$

where t is the time in months.a) **Determine** how many plastic bottles was found initially. 1 markb) **Complete** the table 2 marks

Months (t)	0	1	2	3	4
Number of bottles (n)					

c) Use the diagram below to **plot** a graph showing the relationship between n and t . 2 marksd) **Determine** the type of function for the graph. 1 marke) Use your graph to **estimate** how many bottles were found after 3.5 months. 1 markf) **Comment:** will this formula always give an accurate account of the number of bottles in the lake? 1 mark

Exercise 5

Calc. : ✗

Complete the table showing the exact values for the following trigonometric functions						6 marks
Angle θ	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°	
$\sin(\theta)$				$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	1	
$\cos(\theta)$	1					
$\tan(\theta)$			1			

Exercise 6

Calc. : ✗

Isolate x in the following expressions			7 marks
a) $-z + y - x = 25$	b) $-9x - p^2 = -27p$	c) $3 = \frac{y-z}{\sqrt{x}}$	

Exercise 7

Calc. : ✗

Two vectors \vec{p} and \vec{q} are shown on the grid.

a) Write any position vector that is equal to $\vec{p} - 2\vec{q}$. 1 mark

b) Write any position vector that is equal to $-2\vec{p} - \vec{q}$. 1 mark

c) By drawing on the grid, show that 3 marks

$$(\vec{p} - 2\vec{q}) + (-2\vec{p} - \vec{q}) = -\vec{p} - 3\vec{q}$$

d) Find the value of c and d : 3 marks

$$\begin{pmatrix} c \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} + 2 \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} d \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

Exercise 8

Calc. : ✖

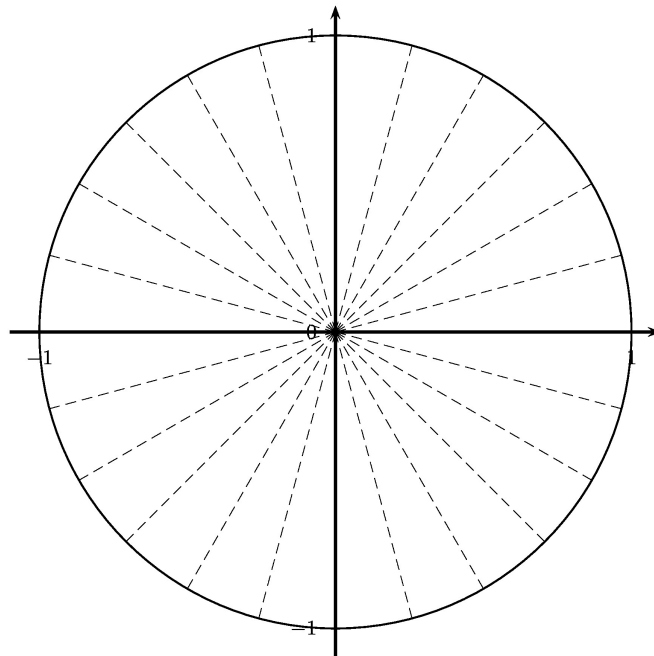
a) **Convert** the following degrees to radians

3 marks

45° , 225° , 720° , 30°

b) **Draw** the angles from above in the unit circle

3 marks



Exercise 9

Calc. : ✖

The depth of water, d metres, in a harbour at a time, t hours after midnight, is given by

$$d = 4 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t + \pi\right) + 10$$

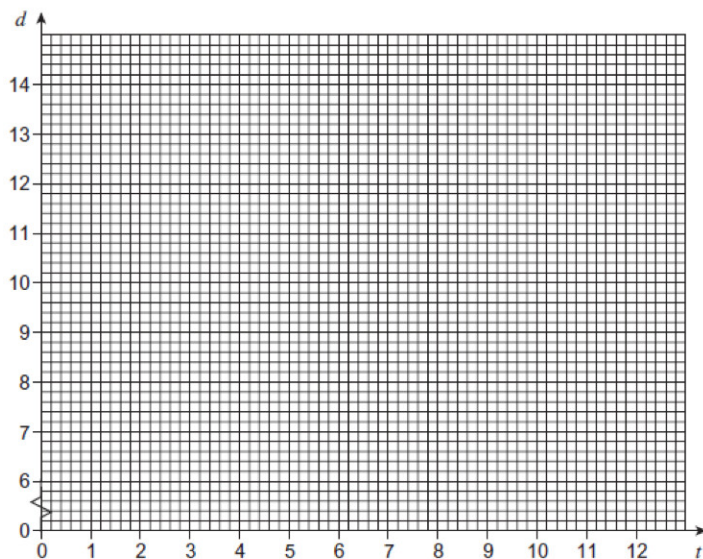
a) **Fill out** the missing values in the table below

3 marks

t	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
d	6	6.5	8	10	12	13.5		13.5	12	10		6.5	

b) On the grid below, **draw** the graph of $d = 4 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t + \pi\right) + 10$

2 marks



c) The depth of water must be at least 9 metres for a ship to enter the harbour. At midnight a ship is waiting to enter the harbour.

Use the graph to **estimate** the earliest time the ship can enter.

3 marks