

EUROPEAN BACCALAUREATE 2024

MATHEMATICS 3 PERIODS PART B

DATE: 10th June 2024, morning

DURATION OF THE EXAMINATION:

2 hours (120 minutes)

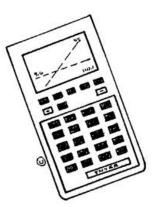
AUTHORISED MATERIAL:

Examination with technological tool:

authorized calculator

Pencil for the graphs

Formelsammlung / Formula booklet / Recueil de formules



SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS:

- Use a different page for each question.
- Answers must be supported by explanations.
- Answers must show the reasoning behind the results or solutions provided.
- If graphs are used to find a solution, they must be sketched as part of the answer.
- Unless indicated otherwise, full marks will not be awarded if a correct answer is not accompanied by supporting evidence or explanations of how the results or the solutions have been achieved.
- When the answer provided is not the correct one, some marks can be awarded if it is shown that an appropriate method and/or a correct approach has been used.

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PART B						
QUESTION B1 Page 1/3						
Par	t 1					
Ар	opulation of black sea bass fish is introduced into a lake.					
The	number of fish in the lake is modelled by the function ${\it N}$ define	d by				
$N(t) = 3500 \cdot e^{0.0862 \cdot t}, \ t \ge 0$						
whe	ere t is the time in days after the introduction.					
a) Interpret the number 3500 in this context.						
b)	Calculate the number of fish in the lake after a week. Give your answer to the nearest whole number.		2 marks			
c)	Rewrite the formula for $N(t)$ in the format $N(t) = K \cdot A^t$.		2 marks			
d)	Determine the percentage growth of the number of fish per de	ау.	2 marks			
e)	Determine after how many days the number of fish in the lake doubled.	e will have	2 marks			
f)	Explain whether this model can be used over a long time.		1 mark			

PART B					
QUESTION B1 Page 2/3					
Part 2 It is quite difficult to catch a blue marlin fish. They put up an intense fight when hooked.	•				
In the year 2022, 5300 anglers from 300 000 anglers in total managed to catch a blue marlin. In 2023, 149 anglers from a random sample of 7000 anglers managed to catch a blue marlin. To determine whether the proportion of anglers catching a blue marlin has increased from 2022 to 2023, a hypothesis test is performed at a 5 % significance level. Let <i>p</i> denote the proportion of anglers that succeeded in catching a blue marlin in 2023.					
g) Verify that the null hypothesis for this test is H_0 : $p = 0.0177$.		2 marks			
h) Determine whether the test is left or right tailed. Justify your ans	swer.	2 marks			
i) Calculate the probability that the number of anglers that succeed catching a blue marlin from a random sample of 7000 anglers is gethan or equal to 149, assuming that H_0 is true. Decide whether H_0 can be rejected. Justify your decision.		5 marks			

PART B					
QUESTION B1 Page 3/3					
Par	13				
Adult salmon live in the open sea but return to the freshwater streams and rivers to lay their eggs. This is known as reproductive migration. Scientists started recording the migration in 2010. The population of migrating salmon can be modelled by the function <i>P</i>					
defined by $P(t) = a \cdot \sin(0.5 t) + d,$					
where <i>t</i> is the time in years after 2010.					
In 2013 they recorded 48 000 migrating salmon, which was the highest population to migrate. In 2019 they recorded 17 000 salmon, which was the lowest population to migrate.					
j)	Show that the amplitude a of the function P is 15 500 and the shift d is 32 500.	vertical	2 marks		
k)	Determine the expected population of migrating salmon in 20	24.	2 marks		
I)	Salmon fishing is suspended when the population drops below	v 21 000.			
	Determine after how many years this is expected to happen f time since the recording started.	or the first	2 marks		

PART B													
	QUESTION B2 Page 1/3							Marks					
Part 1 The following table shows the revenue <i>y</i> , in millions of euros, of a basketball league <i>x</i> years after 2006.													
	Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015		
	X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
	У	34.1	43.1	49.5	59.3	59.4	60.9	76.9	86.6	90.8	97.8		
a)	Repr	esent 1	the abo	ove dat	ta on a	scatte	er diagr	am.					2 marks
b) Using the data from the table, determine an equation of the regression line of <i>y</i> on <i>x</i> . Give your answer to 3 decimal places. Draw the regression line on the same diagram.										3 marks			
In the following use the model $y = 6.95 \cdot x + 34.56$.													
c) According to the model, estimate the expected revenue for 2016.									2 marks				
d) A revenue of 114 million euros was generated in 2017 and 120 million euros in 2018.													
Explain whether the above linear regression model seems appropriate after 2015.										2 marks			

PART B						
QUESTION B2 Page 2/3						
Part 2						
Hoop 1 2 4 6 8 7 7.43						
A successful shot in basketball can be achieved when the ball pass and centrally through the hoop. In the following model it is assume throw is directed towards the hoop. The trajectory of the lowest possible is modelled by the function f defined by $f(x) = -0.153x^2 + 1.19x + 2.36$, where x is the horizontal distance from the release point (measure	ed that the pint of the					
where x is the horizontal distance from the release point (measured along the floor) in metres and $y = f(x)$ is the height in metres above the floor.						
e) Calculate $f(0)$ and interpret the result.		2 marks				
f) The hoop is 3.05 metres above the floor. The horizontal distar release point to the nearest point of the hoop is 6.97 metres a furthest point it is 7.43 metres. The diameter of the ball is 24.6	and to the					
Calculate $f(6.97)$ and $f(7.43)$. Explain whether the throw c successful.	ould be	3 marks				
g) Solve the equation $f'(x) = -1$. Interpret the result in the context of the trajectory of the ball.		3 marks				
h) Determine the length of the trajectory followed by the ball in a point corresponding to a horizontal distance of 7.15 metres for release point.	•	2 marks				
Use the arc length formula $\int_a^b \sqrt{1+(f'(x))^2} dx$.						

PART B							
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Part 3 It is assumed that with each free throw Bob has an 87.7 % probability of scoring.							
i)	i) Bob is going to take 10 free throws.						
Calculate the probability that Bob will score more than 8 times.							
j)	j) Determine the number of free throws required for Bob to score more than 12 times with a probability of over 95 %.						