S6MA3ENA - Semestre 1

## MATHEMATICS 3

Part B

## Date: Wednesday 15th December 2021

## DURATION OF EXAMINATION:

45 minutes

## Answer ALL questions



## SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS:

- Answers must be supported by explanations.
- They must show the reasoning behind the results or solutions provided.
- If graphs are used to find a solution, they must be sketched as part of the answer.
- Unless indicated otherwise, full marks will not be awarded if a correct answer is not accompanied by supporting evidence or explanations of how the results or the solutions have been achieved.
- When the answer provided is not the correct one, some marks can be awarded if it is evident that an appropriate method and/or a correct approach has been used.
K. Osborne

| PART A | Marks |
| :--- | :---: |
| 1) Consider the function $f(x)=x^{3}-4 x^{2}+x+2$. |  |
| (a) Determine the coordinates of the turning points of $f(x)$, giving your |  |
| answer to 2 decimal places. | 4 |
| (b) Draw a table of signs. | 2 |
| (c) Use the table of signs to determine the nature of the turning points. | 2 |
| 2) Consider the function $f(x)=\frac{6 x+5}{3 x-4}$. | 2 |
| (a) Explain why the function is undefined when $x=1 \frac{1}{3}$. | 2 |
| (b) State the domain of the function. | 2 |
| (c) Give the coordinates of the $y$-intercept of $f(x)$. | 3 |
| 3) Karen plays volleyball and throws a ball vertically. The height $h(t)$ | 3 |
| (in meters) as a function of the time $t$ (in second) of the ball is given |  |
| by the formula: $h(t)=6 t-5 t^{2}+2$. | 3 |
| (a) From what height does Karen throw the ball? | 2 |
| (b) Show that the ball reaches its highest point at $t=0.6 \mathrm{~s}$. | 2 |
| (d) For how long is the ball in the air? | 2 |

4) A group of scientists decides to investigate a population of insects in a large field. It is found that the starting population 100 and that the population increases exponentially by $20 \%$ every week.

Two students each write down a formula to model the population $P$ at a time $t$, where $t$ is the number of days since the start of the investigation:

Formula A: $P(t)=100 t+1.2$
Formula B: $P(t)=100 \cdot(1.2)^{t}$
(a) Explain why formula $B$ is the correct formula and why formula $A$ is incorrect.
(b) Calculate the number of insects after 2 weeks, to the nearest whole number.
(c) Copy and complete the table of values below, giving your answers to the nearest whole number:

| Number of <br> days | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Population |  |  |  |  |

(d) After how many days will the population exceed 4600 ?

Another group of scientists investigates a population of insects in a different large field. They record their results in the table below:

| Number of <br> days | 0 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Population | 100 | 340 | 580 | 820 | 1060 |

(e) Explain why the results follow a linear model.
(f) Use the information in the table of values to write down a formula to model the population $P$ at a time $t$, where $t$ is the number of days since the start of the investigation.

