

**BAC**

**SUBJECT**

**MATHEMATICS 3p**

**TEACHER**

**Reyraud E.**

**DATE**

**30/1/2023**

**DURATION (in hours + in minutes)**

**2 hours (120 minutes)**

**AUTHORISED MATERIAL**

**Formula booklet**

**No calculator allowed**

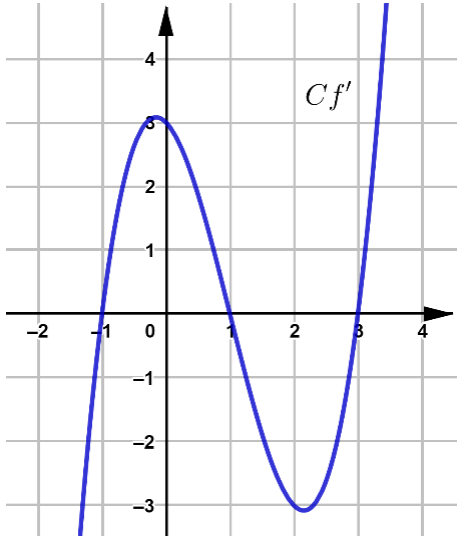
**INSTRUCTIONS / SPECIAL REMARKS**

Number all pages and the total number of pages submitted.

All answers must be supported by explanations.

If graphs are used to find a solution, they must be sketched as part of the answer.

Unless indicated otherwise, full marks will not be awarded if a correct answer is not accompanied by supporting evidence or explanations of how the results or the solutions have been obtained.

PART A		Page 1/4	Marks
S1	<p>The figure opposite shows the graph <math>Cf'</math> of the derivative <math>f'(x)</math> of the function <math>f(x)</math>.</p> <p>Use this graph to <b>determine</b> the intervals over which the function <math>f(x)</math> is decreasing.</p>		5
S2	<p><b>Determine</b> the equation of the line tangent to the function</p> $f(x) = 3x^2 - 11x$ <p>at the point where the value of the instantaneous slope of the function is 1.</p>		5
S3	<p>A small bag of lollipops is left in a classroom. Half of the lollipops are green, the rest are red. 10 pupils enter the classroom, pick a lollipop from the bag at random, one after the other, and eat it. Is picking a green lollipop in this context a Bernoulli process? <b>Justify</b> your answer.</p>		5
S4	<p>European Union regulations prohibit airlines from refusing to transport people with reduced mobility solely because of their disability. In Luxembourg, it is estimated that around 1% of people with reduced mobility use airline travel. It is assumed that the population flying out of Luxembourg is large enough that the probability of selecting a person with reduced mobility is constant.</p> <p>On an airline flight from Luxembourg to London, only two out of 150 seats were reserved for persons with reduced mobility. <b>Justify</b> the airline's decision to limit the number of seats reserved for persons with reduced mobility to two.</p>		5

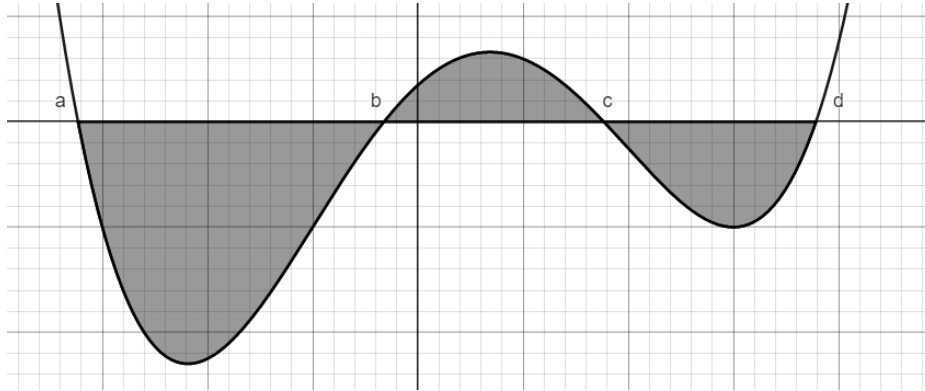
PART A											
	Page 2/4	Marks									
S5	<p>The value of a certain luxury wine is growing rapidly. The price for a single bottle can be modelled by the function:</p> $f(t) = 1400 \cdot e^{\ln(1.10) \cdot t}$ <p>where <math>f(t)</math> is the price for a bottle in Euros and <math>t</math> is years after 2020.</p> <p>a) <b>Interpret</b> the two numbers 1400 and 1.10.</p> <p>b) <b>Calculate</b> the price of a bottle in 2021.</p>	<p>3</p> <p>2</p>									
S6	<p>Let <math>f</math> be the function defined by: <math>f(x) = \ln(x)</math></p> <p>a) <b>Give</b> the domain of <math>f</math>.</p> <p>b) <b>Give</b> the limit of <math>f</math> when <math>x</math> approaches <math>+\infty</math>.</p> <p>c) <b>Determine</b> any intervals over which <math>f</math> is increasing or decreasing.</p> <p>d) <b>Give</b> the inverse function of <math>f(x)</math>.</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1.5</p> <p>1.5</p>									
S7	<p>Let <math>f(x) &gt; g(x)</math> be two positive functions, with respective primitives <math>F(x)</math> and <math>G(x)</math>. It is further known, that</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>x</math></td> <td>1</td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>F(x)</math></td> <td>-3</td> <td>8</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>G(x)</math></td> <td>2</td> <td>6</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Determine</b> the area bounded by the graphs of <math>f(x)</math> and <math>g(x)</math> and the lines of equations <math>x = 1</math> and <math>x = 4</math>.</p>	$x$	1	4	$F(x)$	-3	8	$G(x)$	2	6	<p>5</p>
$x$	1	4									
$F(x)$	-3	8									
$G(x)$	2	6									

PART A

Page 3/4

Marks

The graph of the function  $y = f(x)$  is presented here:



S8

Given the following results:

$$\int_b^c f(x) dx = 2,3$$

$$\int_a^c f(x) dx = -1,1$$

$$\int_b^d f(x) dx = -0,4$$

...**calculate** the value of the shaded area.

5

The table below gathers the values of two variables  $x$  and  $y$ :

$x$	0	2	4	6	8	10
$y$	6	7	10	14	15	20

S9

a) **Draw** a scatter diagram using these values.

3.5

b) **Compute** and **add** the mean point to your graph.

1.5

PART A		
	Page 4/4	Marks
S10	<p><b>State</b> if the following sentences are True (T) or False (F) and <b>justify</b> your statements:</p> <p>a) The point A (e;1) belongs to the function <math>y = \ln(x)</math>.</p> <p>b) When a function is positive, its first derivative is necessarily increasing.</p> <p>c) Let <math>f</math> be a function defined by <math>f(x) = e^x - 1</math>. Its first derivative is equal to zero for <math>x = 0</math>.</p> <p>d) Let <math>f</math> be a function defined over <math>\mathbb{R}</math> such that <math>\int_0^3 f(x) &gt; 0</math> and <math>\int_3^6 f(x) &lt; 0</math> We can thus write : <math>\int_0^6 f(x) = 0</math></p> <p>e) A set of bivariate data points <math>(x; y)</math> has a linear correlation coefficient of -0.95. We can thus state that the correlation is weak.</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>

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